certification for three years from the date of receipt of the confirmation;

- (4) The transferor may obtain other sources of information compiled by a reporting service from official records of the Commission or the licensing agency of an Agreement State as to the identity of licensees and the scope and expiration dates of licenses and registrations. The transferor shall retain the compilation of information as a record for three years from the date that it was obtained; or
- (5) When none of the methods of verification described in paragraphs (d) (1) to (4) of this section are readily available or when a transferor desires to verify that information received by one of these methods is correct or upto-date, the transferor may obtain and record confirmation from the Commission or the licensing agency of an Agreement State that the transferee is licensed to receive the special nuclear material. The transferor shall retain the record of confirmation for three years from the date the record is made.

[38 FR 33970, Dec. 10, 1973, as amended at 40 FR 8792, Mar. 3, 1975; 43 FR 6925, Feb. 21, 1978; 53 FR 19253, May 27, 1988]

#### § 70.44 Creditor regulations.

- (a) Pursuant to section 184 of the Act, the Commission consents, without individual application, to the creation of any mortgage, pledge, or other lien upon any special nuclear material, not owned by the United States, which is subject to licensing: *Provided:*
- (I) That the rights of any creditor so secured may be exercised only in compliance with and subject to the same requirements and restrictions as would apply to the licensee pursuant to the provisions of the license, the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and regulations issued by the Commission pursuant to said Act; and
- (2) That no creditor so secured may take possession of the special nuclear material pursuant to the provisions of this section prior to either the issuance of a license by the Commission authorizing such possession or the transfer of a license pursuant to §70.36.
- (b) Nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to affect the means of acquiring, or the priority of, any tax lien or other lien provided by law.

(c) As used in this section, creditor includes, without implied limitation, the trustee under any mortgage, pledge, or lien on special nuclear material made to secure any creditor, any trustee or receiver of the special nuclear material appointed by a court of competent jurisdiction in any action brought for the benefit of any creditor secured by such mortgage, pledge, or lien, any purchaser of such special nuclear material at the sale thereof upon foreclosure of such mortgage, pledge, or lien or upon exercise of any power of sale contained therein, or any assignee of any such purchaser.

[32 FR 2563, Feb. 7, 1967, as amended at 35 FR 11461, July 17, 1970]

### Subpart G—Special Nuclear Material Control, Records, Reports and Inspections

## § 70.50 Reporting requirements.

- (a) Immediate report. Each licensee shall notify the NRC as soon as possible but not later than 4 hours after the discovery of an event that prevents immediate protective actions necessary to avoid exposures to radiation or radioactive materials that could exceed regulatory limits or releases of licensed material that could exceed regulatory limits (events may include fires, explosions, toxic gas releases, etc.).
- (b) Twenty-four hour report. Each licensee shall notify the NRC within 24 hours after the discovery of any of the following events involving licensed material:
- (1) An unplanned contamination event that:
- (i) Requires access to the contaminated area, by workers or the public, to be restricted for more than 24 hours by imposing additional radiological controls or by prohibiting entry into the area:
- (ii) Involves a quantity of material greater than five times the lowest annual limit on intake specified in Appendix B of §§ 20.1001–20.2401 of 10 CFR part 20 for the material; and
- (iii) Has access to the area restricted for a reason other than to allow isotopes with a half-life of less than 24

hours to decay prior to decontamination.

- (2) An event in which equipment is disabled or fails to function as designed when:
- (i) The equipment is required by regulation or licensee condition to prevent releases exceeding regulatory limits, to prevent exposures to radiation and radioactive materials exceeding regulatory limits, or to mitigate the consequences of an accident;
- (ii) The equipment is required to be available and operable when it is disabled or fails to function; and
- (iii) No redundant equipment is available and operable to perform the required safety function.
- (3) An event that requires unplanned medical treatment at a medical facility of an individual with spreadable radioactive contamination on the individual's clothing or body.
- (4) An unplanned fire or explosion damaging any licensed material or any device, container, or equipment containing licensed material when:
- (i) The quantity of material involved is greater than five times the lowest annual limit on intake specified in appendix B of §§ 20.1001-20.2401 of 10 CFR part 20 for the material; and
- (ii) The damage affects the integrity of the licensed material or its container.
- (c) Preparation and submission of reports. Reports made by licensees in response to the requirements of this section must be made as follows:
- (1) Licensees shall make reports required by paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, and by §70.74 and Appendix A of this part, if applicable, by telephone to the NRC Operations Center.¹ To the extent that the information is available at the time of notification, the information provided in these reports must include:
- (i) Caller's name, position title, and call-back telephone number;
- (ii) Date, time, and exact location of the event;
- (iii) Description of the event, including:
- (A) Radiological or chemical hazards involved, including isotopes, quan-

tities, and chemical and physical form of any material released;

- (B) Actual or potential health and safety consequences to the workers, the public, and the environment, including relevant chemical and radiation data for actual personnel exposures to radiation or radioactive materials or hazardous chemicals produced from licensed materials (e.g., level of radiation exposure, concentration of chemicals, and duration of exposure);
- (C) The sequence of occurrences leading to the event, including degradation or failure of structures, systems, equipment, components, and activities of personnel relied on to prevent potential accidents or mitigate their consequences; and
- (D) Whether the remaining structures, systems, equipment, components, and activities of personnel relied on to prevent potential accidents or mitigate their consequences are available and reliable to perform their function:
- (iv) External conditions affecting the event;
- (v) Additional actions taken by the licensee in response to the event;
- (vi) Status of the event (e.g., whether the event is on-going or was terminated):
- (vii) Current and planned site status, including any declared emergency class;
- (viii) Notifications, related to the event, that were made or are planned to any local, State, or other Federal agencies;
- (ix) Status of any press releases, related to the event, that were made or are planned.
- (2) Written report. Each licensee that makes a report required by paragraph (a) or (b) of this section, or by §70.74 and Appendix A of this part, if applicable, shall submit a written follow-up report within 30 days of the initial report. Written reports prepared pursuant to other regulations may be submitted to fulfill this requirement if the report contains all the necessary information, and the appropriate distribution is made. These written reports must be sent to the NRC's Document Control Desk, using an appropriate method listed in §70.5(a), with a copy to the appropriate NRC regional office

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The commercial telephone number for the NRC Operations Center is (301) 816–5100.

listed in appendix D to part 20 of this chapter. The reports must include the following:

- (i) Complete applicable information required by §70.50(c)(1);
- (ii) The probable cause of the event, including all factors that contributed to the event and the manufacturer and model number (if applicable) of any equipment that failed or malfunctioned;
- (iii) Corrective actions taken or planned to prevent occurrence of similar or identical events in the future and the results of any evaluations or assessments; and
- (iv) For licensees subject to Subpart H of this part, whether the event was identified and evaluated in the Integrated Safety Analysis.
- (d) The provisions of §70.50 do not apply to licensees subject to §50.72. They do apply to those Part 50 licensees possessing material licensed under Part 70 that are not subject to the notification requirements in §50.72.

[56 FR 40769, Aug. 16, 1991; 56 FR 64980, Dec. 13, 1991, as amended at 59 FR 14087, Mar. 25, 1994; 65 FR 56226, Sept. 18, 2000; 68 FR 58817, Oct. 10, 2003]

#### § 70.51 Records requirements.

- (a) Before license termination, licensees shall forward the following records to the appropriate NRC Regional Office:
- (1) Records of disposal of licensed material made under 10 CFR 20.2002 (including burials authorized before January 28, 1981), 20.2003, 20.2004, 20.2005;
- (2) Records required by 10 CFR 20.2103(b)(4): and
  - (3) Records required by §70.25(g).
- (b) If licensed activities are transferred or assigned in accordance with §70.32(a)(3), the licensee shall transfer the following records to the new licensee and the new licensee will be responsible for maintaining these records until the license is terminated:
- (1) Records of disposal of licensed material made under 10 CFR 20.2002 (in-

cluding burials authorized before January 28, 1981¹), 20.2003, 20.2004, 20.2005;

- (2) Records required by 10 CFR 20.2103(b)(4); and
  - (3) Records required by §70.25(g).
- (c)(1) Records which must be maintained pursuant to this part may be the original or a reproduced copy, or microform if the reproduced copy or microform is duly authenticated by authorized personnel, and the microform is capable of producing a clear and legible copy after storage for the period specified by Commission regulations. The record may also be stored in electronic media with the capability for producing legible, accurate, and complete records during the required retention period. Records such as letters, drawings, and specifications, must include all pertinent information such as stamps, initials, and signatures. The licensee shall maintain adequate safeguards against tampering with and loss of records.

(2) If there is a conflict between the Commission's regulations in this part, license condition, or other written Commission approval or authorization pertaining to the retention period for the same type of record, the retention period specified in the regulations in this part for these records shall apply unless the Commission, pursuant to §70.14, has granted a specific exemption from the record retention requirements specified in the regulations in this part.

[67 FR 78142, Dec. 23, 2002]

# § 70.52 Reports of accidental criticality.

- (a) Each licensee shall notify the NRC Operations Center<sup>1</sup> within one hour after discovery of any case of accidental criticality.
- (b) This notification must be made to the NRC Operations Center via the Emergency Notification System if the licensee is party to that system. If the Emergency Notification System is inoperative or unavailable, the licensee shall make the required notification via commercial telephonic service or other dedicated telephonic system or any other method that will ensure that

 $<sup>^1\</sup>mathrm{A}$  previous  $\S20.304$  permitted burial of small quantities of licensed materials in soil before January 28, 1981, without specific Commission authorization. See  $\S20.304$  contained in the 10 CFR, parts 0 to 199, edition revised as of January 1, 1981.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Commercial telephone number of the NRC Operations Center is (301) 816–5100.